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October 19, 2011

VIA HAND DELIVERY

The Honorable Thomas A. Bedell
Circuit Judge of Harrison County
301 West Main Street, Room 321
Clarksburg, WV 26301

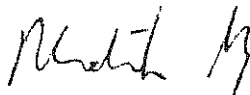
Re: Perrine, et al. v. DuPont, et al.
Civil Action No. 04-C-296-2

Dear Judge Bedell:

Enclosed, please find minor edits to the Proposed Order Resolving Pending Medical Monitoring Program Issues in Preparation for November 1, 2011 Implementation Date filed by the Claims Administrator. Specifically, Class Counsel and I are suggesting the attached language regarding baseline screening inserted in Alternative B on page 5. The new language more accurately reflects our position on baseline screening and includes the opinions of Drs. Wermtz and McGuire. I have also attached the Claims Administrator's Proposed Order for convenience.

Thank you for your time and consideration to this matter.

Sincerely,



Meredith H. McCarthy

Enclosures

cc (w/encl.): Edgar C. Gentle, III, Esq.
Stephanie D. Thacker, Esq.
James B. Lees, Jr. Esq.
Virginia Buchanan, Esq.
J. Farrest Taylor, Esq.
Court File

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF HARRISON COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA

LENORA PERRINE, et al., individuals
residing in West Virginia, on behalf of
themselves and all other similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

v.

Civil Action No. 04-C-296-2
Thomas A. Bedell, Circuit Judge

E.I. DUPONT DE NUMOURS &
COMPANY, et al.,

Defendants.

**SUBMISSION OF GUARDIAN AD LITEM REGARDING EDITED LANGUAGE
OF ALTERNATIVE B: BASELINE CT SCANNING FOR PROPOSED ORDER**

Now comes Meredith H. McCarthy, Guardian Ad Litem for the minor children and incompetent adults in the above-referenced matter, and submits the foregoing language as an Alternative B, should the Court elect to include baseline CT Scanning at the commencement of the Medical Monitoring Program. The additional language considers the professional opinions of Drs. Werntz and McGuire, as well as, the positions of the undersigned and Class Counsel as previously articulated in this matter. The immediate submission is made with the consultation and consent of Class Counsel.

The foregoing is the only suggested change to the Proposed Order Resolving Pending Medical Monitoring Program Issues in Preparation For November 1, 2011 Implementation Date filed by the Claims Administrator on October 18, 2011. Said Proposed Order has been attached for the Courts convenience. The suggested language for Alternative B on Page 5 of the Proposed Order is as follows:

**[ALTERNATIVE B: APPROVES POSITION OF GUARDIAN AD LITEM
AND CLASS COUNSEL]**

The parties acknowledge that the MOU at Paragraph C on page 2 does not allow routine CT Scanning. Therefore, routine scanning will not be provided, and only scanning that is diagnostically medically necessary will be a part of the Medical Monitoring Program, as determined by the reasonable physician. However, the Court finds it appropriate to have baseline CT scanning at the commencement of the Medical Monitoring Plan, and as Claimants reach age 35, in order for physicians to make an early determination of the patient's baseline lung and disease status and to aid in future medical surveillance and screening, as suggested by Drs. Werntz and McGuire. Thereafter, the Claims Administrator's CT Rule and CT Scan Verification Forms will be utilized by the Medical Monitoring Plan.

Respectively submitted,



Meredith H. McCarthy, W. Va. Bar 7540
*Guardian Ad Litem for class members that
are minors or incompetent adults*
901 W. Main St., Ste. 201
Bridgeport, WV 26330
(304) 612-6940

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Meredith H. McCarthy, do hereby certify that I have this 19th day of October 2011, given notice of the filing of the foregoing *Submission of Guardian Ad Litem Regarding Edited Language of Alternative B: Baseline CT Scanning For Proposed Order* upon the following counsel of record, by hand delivery or by depositing a true copy thereof in the United States Mail, postage prepaid, in envelopes addressed to:

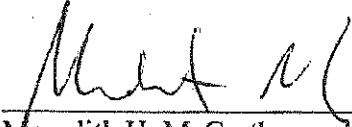
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Meredith H. McCarthy

**[OCTOBER 18, 2011 REVISION TO PROPOSED WORKING ORDER
FOR OCTOBER 17, 2011 10:00 A.M. HEARING]
[PROVIDED ON PAPER MEDIUM, PDF, WORD AND WORDPERFECT]**

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF HARRISON COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA

LENORA PERRINE, et al., individuals
residing in West Virginia, on behalf of
themselves and all others similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

v.

Case No. 04-C-296-2
Thomas A. Bedell, Circuit Judge

E. I. DUPONT DE NEMOURS &
COMPANY, et al.,

Defendants.

**ORDER RESOLVING PENDING MEDICAL MONITORING PROGRAM ISSUES
IN PREPARATION FOR NOVEMBER 1, 2011 IMPLEMENTATION DATE**

Presently before the Court are the unresolved issues described below and related to the November 1, 2011 implementation of the Medical Monitoring Program.

In order to allow the Parties to be heard on these issues and all other issues related to the implementation of the Medical Monitoring Program, this matter came on to be heard on October 17, 2011, at 10:00 o'clock a.m., and said hearing was held before the Honorable Thomas A. Bedell, Judge of the Circuit Court of Harrison County, West Virginia, in the Division 2 Courtroom located on the 4th Floor of the Harrison County Courthouse, 301 West Main Street, Clarksburg, West Virginia.

At the Hearing, the Claims Administrator submitted his Report respecting the recommended resolution of the issues, while presenting the alternative positions of the Parties. Also appearing was Dr. Jubal Watts, an expert sponsored by the Claims Administrator, to address the CT Scan issue.

Claims Administrator's
10-18-11 Proposed Order

The Claims Administrator and Dr. Watts subjected themselves to cross-examination by the Parties, with the Claims Administrator, as a neutral for the Court, then resting. Class Counsel, the Guardian ad Litem for Children and DuPont then presented their positions for the Court's consideration.

After a careful review of the Claims Administrator's submission and the submissions of the Parties, and having weighed the evidence and the presentations made at the October 17, 2011 hearing, and in consideration of the applicable law, the Court ORDERS the following:

1. The Parties have stipulated that the Medical Monitoring Program is a primary plan for medical testing benefits, with DuPont being responsible for all costs thereof. The Court accepts this stipulation of the Parties.

2. To facilitate the collection of Medical Monitoring Plan data for possible future scientific and medical research, the Court hereby approves the use by the Medical Monitoring Plan of the final Optional Data Collection Consent Form submitted by the Claims Administrator in Attachment II to his October 10, 2011 Report, with Claimants being allowed to complete and sign the Form, at their option, during their initial Medical Monitoring Provider visit.

3. The Court has carefully considered the positions of the Guardian ad Litem and DuPont on how to handle "No" box minor Medical Monitoring Claimants, whose parent or guardian checked the "No" box and therefore did not choose Medical Monitoring, when these minor "No" box Claimants become adults. The Court further considered their positions on when an "Inactive" Medical Monitoring Claimant (a Claimant who signed up for Medical Monitoring but then fails to use it) may become "Active" again.

The Guardian ad Litem suggests that the Medical Monitoring Plan is a right which cannot be waived through a lack of use by a Claimant, while DuPont argues that the Medical Monitoring Plan is a right that can be waived by a Claimant through lack of use.

DuPont also objects to the use of resources to continue to notify such inactive Claimants of the Program and invite them back in. DuPont, however, does not object to current minors whose parents have marked the "no" box on their behalf being notified once they turn 18 and given the option themselves of participating in the Program. But, DuPont contends that this should be a one-time notification.

Although this is a difficult issue, the Court makes the following determination:

[ALTERNATIVE A: CANNOT BE WAIVED]

The Medical Monitoring Plan is a right of a Claimant that cannot be waived, with such a waiver not being reflected anywhere in the Settlement Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") or any related Orders. The Court therefore decides that the Claims Administrator's suggested procedures to notice these Claimants, with the procedures being contained in Attachment III to the Claims Administrator's October 10, 2011 Report, are well taken and are hereby approved.

[ALTERNATIVE B: CAN BE WAIVED]

The Court finds that a Claimant who has registered for Medical Monitoring has a duty to avail himself of the benefit or else it will be waived. Minor Claimants whose parents or guardians checked the "No" box shall be reminded of their Medical Monitoring benefit three times by the Claims Administrator after they reach adulthood. If they still do not then use the benefit, they will be deemed to have waived it, and will not be provided further notice. Likewise, an active Claimant that is ripe to be medically monitored shall be provided three notices to set up an appointment to begin the process. If the active Claimant does not participate after three notices, the active Claimant will be deemed to have waived his Medical Monitoring right, and will be classified as inactive, and will not receive further notice.

4. In connection with CT Scans, the Court has carefully reviewed the proposed CT Rule and CT Scan Verification Form provided by the Claims Administrator in his October 10, 2011 Report, as modified on October 18, 2011, based on the October 17, 2011 hearing. The Court understands that DuPont supports the Claims Administrator's suggested approach to CT Scanning and these related forms, but the Guardian ad Litem for Children and Class Counsel suggest that there first be baseline CT scanning made available to all CT Scan eligible Claimants during their first round of Medical Monitoring, and for younger Claimants as they reach age 35, with the CT Rule and the CT Scan Verification Form suggested by the Claims Administrator then being implemented thereafter.

After careful consideration of the submission of the Claims Administrator and the positions of DuPont, the Guardian ad Litem for Children and Class Counsel in this matter, the Court hereby makes the following determination:

[ALTERNATIVE A: CT RULE AND CT SCAN VERIFICATION FORM APPROVED]

The approach suggested by the Claims Administrator best carries out the terms of the MOU which provide that:

"The program shall provide those examinations and tests set forth in the Court's Order of February 25, 2008 with the exception that no routine CT Scans shall be performed as part of the Medical Monitoring Program. The Defendant does agree to provide CT Scans that are diagnostically medically necessary as determined by a competent physician as relevant to possible exposure to the heavy metal contamination at issue in this litigation." [Emphasis added].

That is, CT Scans cannot be baseline or routine even at the commencement of Medical Monitoring. However, as suggested by all Parties, the Claims Administrator's CT Rule and CT Scan Verification Form vouchsafes the diagnosis of a CT Scan by the attending physician for a decision. Exposure to heavy metals and not a specific diagnosis are all that is required to diagnose a CT Scan.

ALTERNATIVE B: APPROVES MY UNDERSTANDING OF GUARDIAN AD LITEM AND CLASS COUNSEL POSITION]

Although the Claims Administrator and DuPont correctly state that the MOU at Paragraph C on page 2 does not allow routine CT Scanning under the Settlement, the Court finds it appropriate to have baseline CT scanning at the commencement of the Medical Monitoring Plan, and as younger Claimants reach age 35, in order for physicians to make an early determination of disease and thereby save lives. Thereafter, the Claims Administrator's CT Rule and CT Scan Verification Form will be utilized by the Medical Monitoring Plan.

5. The Claims Administrator has submitted his proposed Budget for Medical Monitoring implementation from November 1, 2011 through August 31, 2012, which is divided into (i) a separate Medical Monitoring Implementation Budget without incremental CT Scan Costs totaling \$1,977,207.41 and (ii) an incremental CT Scan Costs Budget, in an effort to ensure the timely commencement of Medical Monitoring on November 1, 2011 even if the CT Scan issue is further litigated.

The two major objections by DuPont to the finalization of the Budget at this time are that the number of Medical Monitoring Participating Claimants is unknown and the Medical Monitoring Medical Provider prices are not finalized.

However, as suggested by the Claims Administrator in his Report and in his Budget and supporting documentation in Attachment VII thereto, a materially accurate projection of the number of Medical Monitoring Participating Claimants was provided on October 3, 2011, and totals 4,000. In addition, Medical Monitoring Provider contracts are in the process of being finalized, with a letter containing the prices, that was previously vetted with the Parties, having been submitted to the

Providers on October 6, 2011, and with Medical Provider contracts, after vetting with the Parties, having been submitted to the Providers for review and possible signature.

The Court also understands that the Medical Monitoring prices that were ably negotiated by CTIA, the Third Party Administrator, are substantially below that originally budgeted on August 19, 2011. The Court therefore finds that these two variables have been reasonably established so that setting a Budget now, funding it by October 31, 2011, and commencing the Medical Monitoring Program on November 1, 2011 are appropriate.

Respecting the second component of the Medical Monitoring Budget, the amount of funding necessary to fund CT scans, the Claims Administrator reports that the amount of funding required depends on (i) whether the CT Rule and CT Scan Verification Form suggested by the Claims Administrator are implemented at the beginning of the Medical Monitoring Plan; or (ii) the baseline CT Scan approach suggested by Class Counsel and the Guardian ad Litem is implemented at the beginning of the Medical Monitoring Plan and as younger Claimants reach age 35; (iii) with the Incremental CT Scan Budget under the Claims Administrator's Proposal being \$839,302.10 and with the incremental CT Scan Budget under Class Counsel's and the Guardian ad Litem's proposal being \$1,192,414.93.

After carefully considering this matter, the Court makes the following decision:

[ALTERNATIVE A: CT RULE AND CT SCAN VERIFICATION FORM APPROVED]

The Claims Administrator's approach to CT Scans is the correct one, so that the Incremental CT Scan Budget is \$839,302.10.

THEREFORE, THE FIRST ALTERNATIVE MEDICAL MONITORING BUDGET IS APPROVED AND THE NEW CONTRIBUTION OF DUPONT TO THE MEDICAL

MONITORING FUND DUE TO BE PAID OCTOBER 31, 2011 (FOR NON-CT SCAN AND FOR CT SCAN MEDICAL MONITORING) IS \$2,789,984.94.

[ALTERNATIVE B: CLASS COUNSEL AND GUARDIAN AD LITEM BASELINE CT SCAN POSITION ACCEPTED]

Class Counsel's and the Guardian ad Litem's baseline approach to CT Scanning is more appropriate, so that the Incremental CT Scan Budget is \$1,192,414.93.

THEREFORE, THE SECOND ALTERNATIVE MEDICAL MONITORING BUDGET IS APPROVED AND THE NEW CONTRIBUTION BY DUPONT TO THE MEDICAL MONITORING FUND DUE TO BE PAID BY OCTOBER 31, 2011 (FOR NON-CT SCAN AND FOR CT SCAN MEDICAL MONITORING) IS \$3,143,097.77.

6. In his August 24, 2011 and September 1, 2011 Reports to the Court, the Claims Administrator suggested that the Court consider whether DuPont should pay an additional \$26,524.57 for expenses incurred by CTIA, the Third Party Administrator for the Medical Monitoring Plan, during September and October 2011, as being post-implementation expenses, or whether these expenses should be paid from old money already contributed by DuPont at Settlement, as pre-implementation expenses. In his October 10, 2011, Report, the Claims Administrator now suggests that these expenses are not materially great and the appropriate payment is debatable. He also reports that approximately half of this amount, or \$15,440, is attributed to monthly charges of CTIA under its contract with the Settlement, which are not directly related to actual testing. The other costs are for communications materials, production and distribution of ID cards, and the scheduling of appointments and reminder letters and design consulting services. Although some of these costs are reasonably related to actual testing, there is a reasonable basis to find that none of them deal with testing itself until the testing actually begins.

Therefore, the Court accepts the Claims Administrator's proposal that these Bridge Funding expenses will be paid from the initial \$4,000,000.00 previously paid by DuPont to start up the Medical Monitoring Program.

7. In his October 14, 2011 Supplement to his October 10, 2011 Report, the Claims Administrator describes a Medicare reporting compliance proposal without admitting that Medicare is applicable to the Medical Monitoring Program. One of the Class Counsel has challenged the need for such reporting, while the Claims Administrator suggests that it is prudent.

After considering this matter carefully, the Court decides the following:

[ALTERNATIVE A: REPORTING ALLOWED]

The Claims Administrator is hereby authorized to carry out the Medicare reporting proposal.

[ALTERNATIVE B: REPORTING DISALLOWED]

The Claims Administrator is not authorized to carry out the Medicare reporting proposal.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Finally, it is **ORDERED** that the Clerk of this Court shall provide certified copies of this

Order to the following:

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James S. Arnold
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Special Master

ENTER: _____

Thomas A. Bedell, Circuit Judge